operably linked to transcription regulatory sequences and undergo rearrangement in B lymphocytes *in vivo* to produce a repertoire of rearranged transgenes encoding a plurality of human light chain polypeptides, which human light chain polypeptides are produced in said transgenic non-human animal.

- 58. (New) The transgenic non-human animal of claim 57, wherein said transgene comprises a plurality of human $V\kappa$ genes, a plurality of human $J\kappa$ genes, and a human $C\kappa$ gene.
- 59. (New) The transgenic non-human animal of claim 58, wherein said transgene further comprises a human 3' kappa enhancer segment.
- 60. (New) The transgenic non-human animal of claim 59, wherein the human 3' kappa enhancer segment is a 4 kb BamHI fragment containing the human 3' kappa enhancer.



- 61. (New) The transgenic non-human animal of claim 57, wherein said animal further comprises an inactivated endogenous mouse light chain immunoglobulin gene locus.
- 62. (New) The transgenic non-human animal of claim 57, wherein said animal is a rodent.
- 63. (New) The transgenic non-human animal of claim 62, wherein said animal is a mouse.
- 64. (New) A transgenic non-human animal comprising in its genome a human light chain immunoglobulin transgene, said transgene comprising a plurality of human light chain V genes, a plurality of human light chain J genes, and a human light chain C gene, which sequences are operably linked to transcription regulatory sequences and undergo rearrangement in B lymphocytes *in vivo* to produce a repertoire of rearranged transgenes encoding a plurality of human light chain polypeptides, which human light chain polypeptides are produced in said transgenic non-human animal, wherein said non-human animal further produces a repertoire of human heavy chain polypeptides that pair with said light chain polypeptides to form a repertoire of human immunoglobulins in said non-human animal.

- 65. (New) The transgenic non-human animal of claim 64, wherein said transgene comprises a plurality of human $V\kappa$ genes, a plurality of human $J\kappa$ genes, and a human $C\kappa$ gene.
- 66. (New) The transgenic non-human animal of claim 65, wherein said transgene further comprises a human 3' kappa enhancer segment.
- 67. (New) The transgenic non-human animal of claim 66, wherein the human 3' kappa enhancer segment is a 4 kb BamHI fragment containing the human 3' kappa enhancer.
- 68. (New) The transgenic non-human animal of claim 64, wherein said animal further comprises an inactivated endogenous mouse light chain immunoglobulin gene locus and an inactivated endogenous mouse heavy chain immunoglobulin gene locus.
- 69. (New) The transgenic non-human animal of claim 64, wherein said animal is a rodent.
- / 70. (New) The transgenic non-human animal of claim 69, wherein said animal is a mouse.
 - 71. (New) The transgenic non-human animal of claim 64, which produces antigen-specific human immunoglobulins when said transgenic non-human animal is immunized with an antigen.
 - 72. (New) An isolated human immunoglobulin transgene, said transgene comprising a plurality of human light chain V genes, a plurality of human light chain J genes, and a human light chain C gene, which sequences are operably linked to transcription regulatory sequences and capable of undergoing rearrangement in B lymphocytes *in vivo* to produce a repertoire of rearranged transgenes encoding a plurality of human light chain polypeptides, which human light chain polypeptides are produced in a transgenic non-human animal when said transgene is integrated into the genome of said transgenic non-human animal.
 - 73. (New) The isolated transgene of claim 72, which comprises a plurality of human V_K genes, a plurality of human J_K genes, and a human C_K gene.